

# Nanocomposites and nanomaterials

## Electron Landé g-factor in coupled quantum dots

V.N. Stavrou<sup>1,2</sup> and J. Tsoulos<sup>3</sup>

*1 Division of Physics, Hellenic Naval Academy, Hatzikyriakou Avenue, Piraeus 185 39, Greece E-mail: vstavrou@snd.edu.gr*

*2 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Iowa, Iowa City, IA 52242, USA*

*3 Department of Computer Engineering, Technological Educational Institute of Epirus, Greece*

The electronic structure of coupled quantum dots (QDs), made with InAs embedded in a wetting layer InAs and surrounded by GaAs, is studied. More specifically, the dependence of Landé g-factor on geometry and material parameters is presented. The carrier wavefunctions and energy states are calculated by using the strain dependent  $\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{p}$  theory. The g-factor strongly depends on the energy gap and on the applied external magnetic field.

[1] *Stavrou V.N.* The polarization efficiency of the emitted light in quantum dots under the presence of external magnetic field // *Physica B* **500** (2016) 32–34.

[2] *Stavrou V.N.* Electronic structure of asymmetric vertically coupled InAs/GaAs quantum dots // *Physica B* **407** (2012) 1157–1160.

[3] *Stavrou V. N.* Polarized light in quantum dot qubit under an applied external magnetic field // *Physical Review B* **80**, 153308, 2009.