Physico-chemical nanomaterials science Adsorption of uranyl ions at the hydroxyapatite and his modification /aqueous electrolyte interface.

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Hydroxyapatite [Ca 10 (OH) 2 (PO 4) 6] is very interesting adsorbent, can be classified as a bioactive material, most commonly found in nature in phosphate rock as a member of the apatite mineral group [1-3]. The in vestigation proposed in this pa per will include measurements of uranyl ions adsorption at the hydroxyapatite/electrolyte solution interface by means of spectroscopy method.

The studied adsorbent s were synthesized by wet method . Surface properties of hydroxyapatite and his modification w ere studied: X-ray diffraction (XRD) , adsorption -desorption of nitrogen (ASAP), PCS (photon correlation spectroscopy) , SEM microscope were investigated. Physicochemical properties of hydroxyapatite [Ca 10 (OH) 2 (PO 4) 6] surface were studied by means of potentiometric titration and electrophoretic measurements. The surface charge density and zeta potential was measured for the basic electrolyte concentration (0.001 mol/dm 3) as a function of pH and concentration of the uranyl ions ranged from 0.01 to 0.000001 mol/dm 3 . Sorption of uranyl ions on hydroxyapatite and his modification was studied by investigating sorption isotherms and the influence of pH.

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