

Nanocomposites and nanomaterials
International research and practice conference "Nanotechnology and nanomaterials"

Elaboration and Characterization of Al-doped ZnO nanostructured Thin Films for ultraviolet photodetectors

A. Mahroug^{1,*}, I. Boudjadar²

¹ *Laboratory of Materials Physics and Its Applications, University of M'sila, 28000 M'sila, Algeria.*

² *Ceramics laboratory, Department of Physics, Mentouri University, Constantine 25000, Algeria*

**e-mail: m_abdelhafid@yahoo.fr*

Abstract

Undoped and Al-doped ZnO nanostructured thin films have been deposited onto glass substrates by sol-gel spin coating method. Zinc acetate dehydrate [Zn(CH₃COO)₂·2H₂O], Aluminium chloride hexahydrate [AlCl₃ · 6H₂O], Isopropanol and monoethanolamine (MEA) were used as a precursor, doping source, solvent and stabilizer respectively. The molar ratio of MEA to metal ions was maintained at 1.0 and a concentration of metal ions is 0.6 mol.L⁻¹. The Al dopant level was defined by the Al/(Al+Zn) ratio it varied from 0 to 7% mol. The XRD results showed that all films crystallized under hexagonal wurtzite structure and presented a preferential orientation along the c-axis with the maximum crystallite size was found is 25 nm for undoped film. The results of SEM indicate that the ZnO thin film has uniform surface with small ZnO grains. The average transmittance of all films is over 95% in the visible region and the band gap energy increases from 3.25 to 3.29eV with increase of Al concentration. In addition to the vibrational modes from undoped ZnO, longitudinal optical (LO) mode in the Raman spectra was enhanced by the Al doping. Photoluminescence of the films showed a ultraviolet (UV) and defect related visible emissions like violet, blue and green. The possible origins responsible for these emission bands have been discussed. Al doped ZnO thin film shows the best photocurrent properties. ZnO thin films with Al exhibited the best optical and photocurrent properties, therefore such films can be usefully applied in different device applications such as UV photodetectors.

Keywords: Sol-Gel method; ZnO thin film; Aluminium doping; photoluminescence; optical properties; Photocurrent; Defects

1. Liang S, Sheng H, Liu Y, Huo Z, Lu Y, Shen H. ZnO Schottky ultraviolet photodetectors //J Crys Growth. -2001.-225. -P. 110-113.
2. Yen WT, Lin YC, Ke JH. Surface textured ZnO. Al thin films by pulsed DC magnetron sputtering for thin film solar cells applications// Appl Surf Sci. -2010. -257. - P. 960-968.
3. Deng XR, Deng H, Wei M, Chen JJ. Preparation of highly transparent conductive Al-doped ZnO thin films and annealing effects on properties// J Mater Sci Mater Electron . – 2012.- 23.- P. 413-417.
4. Mamat MH, Sahdan MZ, Khusaimi Z, Ahmed AZ, Abdulah S, Rusop M. Influence of doping concentration on the aluminum doped zinc oxide thin films properties for ultraviolet photoconductive sensor applications//Optical Materials.- 2010.- 32.-P. 696-699.
5. Caglar Y, Caglar M, Ilican S. Microstructural, optical and electrical studies on sol gel derived ZnO and ZnO: Al films//Current Applied Physics. – 2012. -12. -P. 963-968 .