Nanocomposites and nanomaterials

Voxel-based mesh generation for computational electromagnetics simulations

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Mesh generation is an important pre-processing step for computational electromagnetics methods, such as the discrete dipole approximation (DDA) or finite-difference time-domain (FDTD) methods. Due to the difficulty of solving differential equations for complex geometries analytically, meshes are used to create discrete representations of complex physical objects and environments.

Mesh generation[1] refers to the process of discretizing a space into a set of smaller elements. The space is usually defined as the surface boundary that can be filled with solid units, in the simplest case pixels for two-dimensional space or voxels when the space is three-dimensional. Voxel is the smallest box-shaped unit of volume supplied with numerical values, such as a type of material, optical constants, void space, etc. A connected set of voxels of the same type represents a physical object.

Although many meshing generation methods exist, few of them are designed to deal with voxel-based geometric objects. The mesh generation tools have to meet the requirements for complex geometries simulation: to have a rich graphical user interface (GUI) to compose 3D complex objects; to generate mesh based on surface description of objects; to set material properties to the voxels; to change mesh resolution (size of voxels); to visualize and verify the generated mesh; to export generated mesh into a file.

The Blender[2] meets prior requirements and is used to create and voxelize nanoparticles with different shapes and sizes. The Blender is a free open-source tool and provides the GUI extensibility through add-ons written in Python programming language. The Remesh modifier and BlenderFDS plugin are used to generate voxel-based meshes and set material properties to the voxels. The Blender suite and computational electromagnetics simulation tools were used to calculate optical spectra of silver nanoparticles of different shapes.

1. *Zhang H.* Mesh generation for voxel-based objects // West Virginia University Morgantown, WV, USA. -2005.-131.

2. Blender project - free and open source 3D creation software. https://www.blender.org