Nanostructure Surfaces

The formation of massifs nanoparticles Au, Fe₃O₄, CoFe₂O₄ i NiFe₂O₄

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Nanosphere lithography method is widely used in obtaining ordered optoelectronic and photonic systems based on nanoparticles (NP) [1]. To produce of NP massifs Au, Fe₃O₄ and CoFe₂O₄ and NP monolayers NiFe₂O₄ us prepared by Langmuir- Blodgett templates with polystyrene spheres with a diameter of 400 or 700 nm; NP Au obtained by condensation of a template placed at an angle of 45° and subsequent annealing to 770 K, and then observed the formation of regions formed from NP of different sizes (Fig. 1). Slow rate of annealing to destruction of the frequency of the system through the action of surface tension forces generated polystyrene drops. Thermoannealing of NiFe₂O₄, along with phase Ni, intermetallic FeNi₃ with traces of oxides NiO and NiO₂.

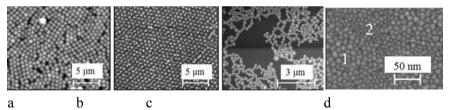


Fig. 1. AFM image of the pattern polystyrene sphere (a); the massifs of NP Au (b) and the massifs of NP $CoFe_2O_4$ (c) and $NiFe_2O_4$ (d). 1 and 2 - areas clusters of NP with with large or small size respectively

Was established The influence of the average size of NP Fe_3O_4 , $CoFe_2O_4$ and $NiFe_2O_4$ (8 - 15 nm) and them form on the ordering processes. A high percentage of magnetic components bcc-Fe led to the emergence of a magneto-optical Kerr effect in systems.

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1. *Christy L. Haynes et. al.* Nanosphere Lithography // J. Phys. Chem. B. – 2001. – **105**. – P.5599 – 5611.