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Role of fluctuation voids in positronics of chalcogenide glasses

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The origin of trapping voids in positronics of chalcogenide glasses is still under debate and discussion [1]. In the present work, the role of fluctuation voids for positron trapping in chalcogenide glasses is reported. Assuming the fluctuation origin of free-volume trapping voids (i.e., excited delocalized atoms or “voids” can be effective positron traps), a newly modified $(_2-R)$ correlation equation within defect-related positron lifetime τ_2 (ns) versus radius of voids R (\AA), initially discovered by Liao et al. [2] for polymeric materials, is considered on the example of $\text{As}_2\text{S}(\text{Se})_3$ glasses.

1. *Kavetskyy T., Borc J., Petkov P., Kolev K., Petkova T., Tsmots V.* Reply on the “critical comments on speculations with ... free-volume defects ... in ion-conducting $\text{Ag}/\text{AgI}-\text{As}_2\text{S}_3$ glasses...” // Solid State Ionics.-2013.-**233**.-P. 107-109.
2. *Liao K.-S., Chen H., Awad S., Yuan J.-P., Hung W.-S., Lee K.-R., Lai J.-Y., Hu C.-C., Jean Y. C.* Determination of free-volume properties in polymers without orthopositronium components in positron annihilation lifetime spectroscopy // Macromolecules.-2011.-**44**.-P. 6818-6826.