Combined study of spinel-based thick-film nanostructures

Halyna Klym¹, I. Hadzaman², A. Ingram³, I. Vasylchyshyn¹

¹Lviv Polytechnic National University, Lviv, Ukraine klymha@yahoo.com, halyna.i.klym@lpnu.ua ²Drohobych State Pedagogical University, Drohobych, Ukraine ³Opole University of Technology, Opole, Poland

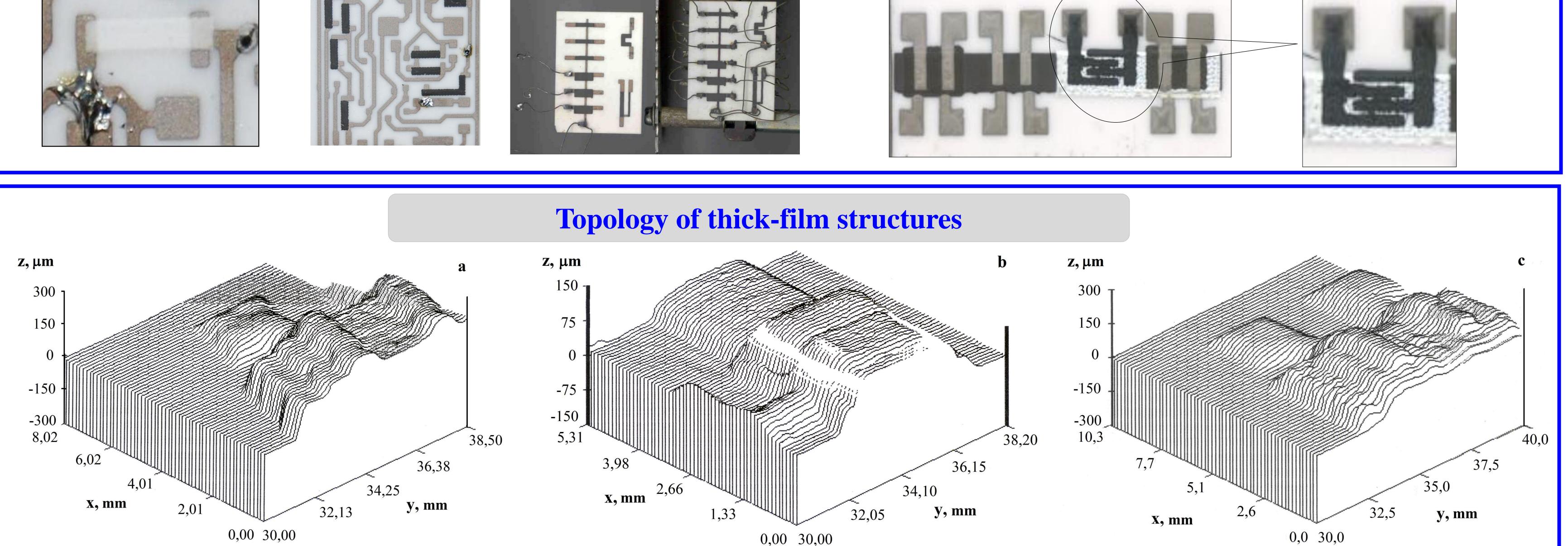
Single- and multilayered thick-film nanostructures based on functional spinel magnesium aluminates and mixed transition-metal manganite ceramics are known to be widely used for temperature and humidity measurement. In this work temperature/humidity sensitive thick films with p⁺-type of electrical conductivity, p-type of electrical conductivity, insulating i-type (based on MgAl₂O₄ ceramics), as well as $p-p^+$, $p-p^+-p$ and $p-i-p^+$ structures were studied.

Temperature- and humidity-sensitive thick-film nanostructures

Humidity-sensitive i-type MgO-Al₂O₃ Temperature-sensitive $Cu_{0,1}Ni_{0,1}Co_{1,6}Mn_{1,2}O_4$

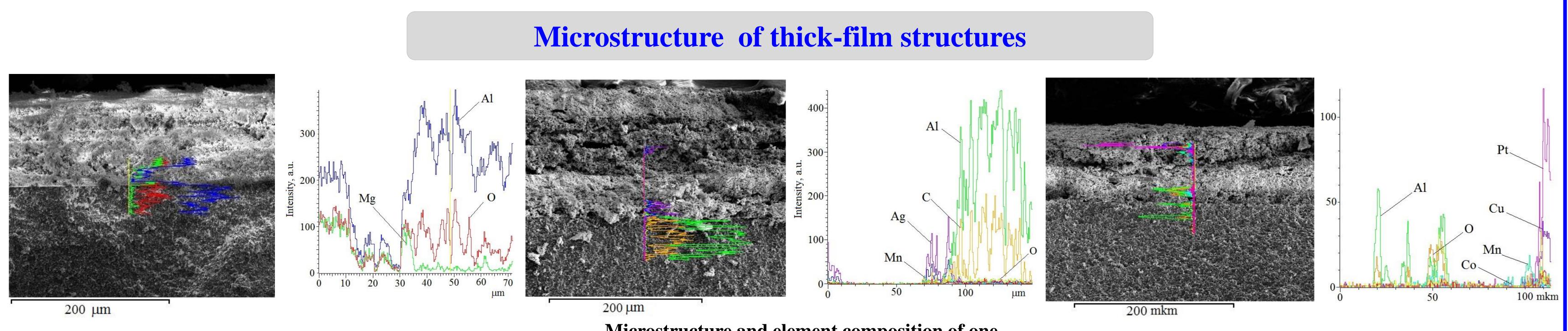
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Integrated p-i-p+ temperature- and humidity-sensitive thickfilm structures



Topology of $p-p^+$ (a), p^+-i (b) and integrated $p-i-p^+$ (c) thick-film structures

In accordance with results of topological investigations using 3D-profilograph Rodenstock RM600 (Germany), thickness of temperature-sensible p- and p+-layers was 43.75 µm and 46.88 μ m, accordingly. The of two-layered p⁺-i thick-film structure is 139.06 μ m, p⁺-p – 110.16 μ m, and integrated p-i-p+ thick-film structures with conductive Ag layer – 193.73 μ m (thickness) of Ag layer is $45.31 \mu m$).



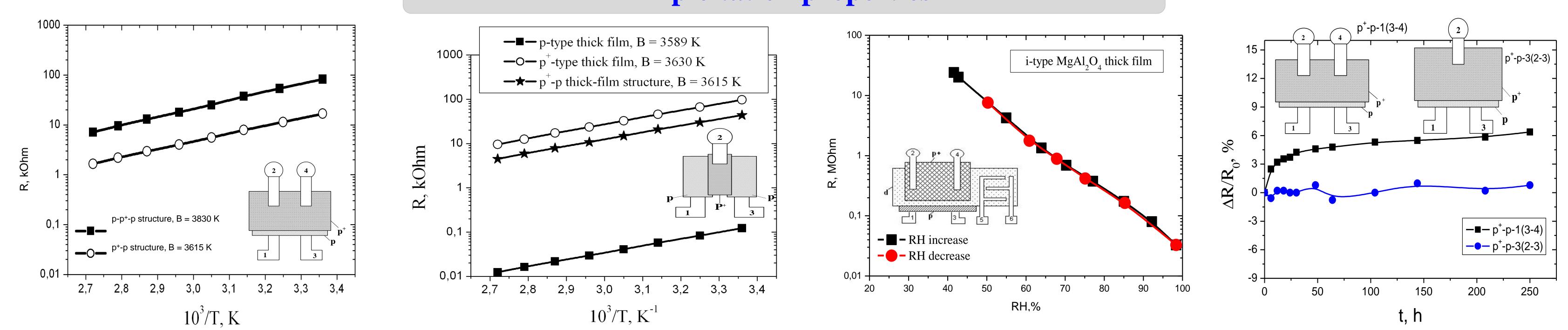
Microstructure and element composition of humiditysensitive MgO-Al₂O₃ thick films formed as two-layered structure on Rubalit (Al₂O₃) substrate with formed

Microstructure and element composition of onelayered temperature-sensitive thick films formed as on Rubalit (Al₂O₃) substrate with formed conductive Ag layer

Microstructure and element composition of twolayered *p*⁺-*i* structure formed on substrate with conductive layer

conductive Ag layer

Exploitation properties



The temperature sensitive one-layered p^+ , p-conductive thick films and double- p^+ -p structures posses good linear electrophysical characteristics in the region from 298 to 358 K in semi-logarithmic scale. But the values of temperature constant B (temperature sensitivity of elements) increase from 3589-3595 K in p⁺ and p thick films to 3615 K to 3830 K in double- $p-p^+$ and triple-layered $p-p^+-p$ thick-film structures, respectively. The value of $\Delta R/R_o$ electrical drift does not exceed 1 %